

2018-2019

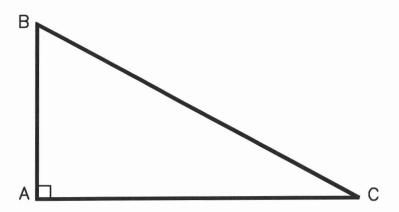


Sample Problems

Sponsored by
National Society of Professional Surveyors

TRIG-STAR PROBLEM LOCAL CONTEST

PRINT NAME: _____



KNOWN: DISTANCE AC = 752.05 DISTANCE BC = 1044.50

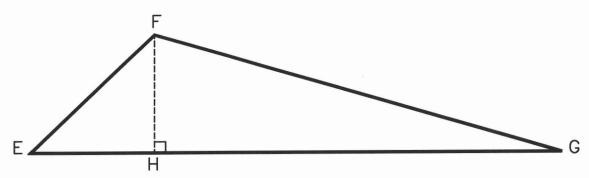
FIND: \angle ACB = _____ (5 POINTS)

DISTANCE AB = _____ (5 POINTS)

REQUIRED ANSWER FORMAT

DISTANCES: NEAREST HUNDREDTH
ANGLES: DEGREES-MINUTES-SECONDS
TO THE NEAREST SECOND

TRIG-STAR PROBLEM LOCAL CONTEST



KNOWN: DISTANCE EF = 297.98 \angle EFG = 112°51'15" \angle FEG = 44°29'20"

FIND: \angle EGF = ______ (6 POINTS)

DISTANCE EH = _____ (6 POINTS)

DISTANCE FH = _____ (6 POINTS)

DISTANCE FG = _____ (6 POINTS)

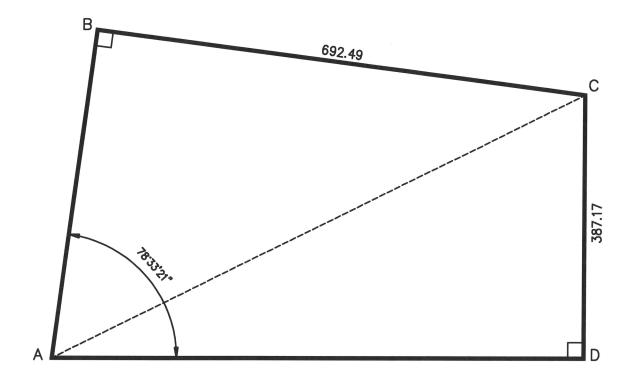
DISTANCE GH = _____ (6 POINTS)

REQUIRED ANSWER FORMAT

DISTANCES: NEAREST HUNDREDTH ANGLES: DEGREES-MINUTES-SECONDS TO THE NEAREST SECOND

PAGE TOTAL: _____ POINTS

TRIG-STAR PROBLEM LOCAL CONTEST



KNOWN: DISTANCE BC =
$$692.49$$
 DISTANCE CD = 387.17 \angle BAD = $78^{\circ}33^{\circ}21^{\circ}$

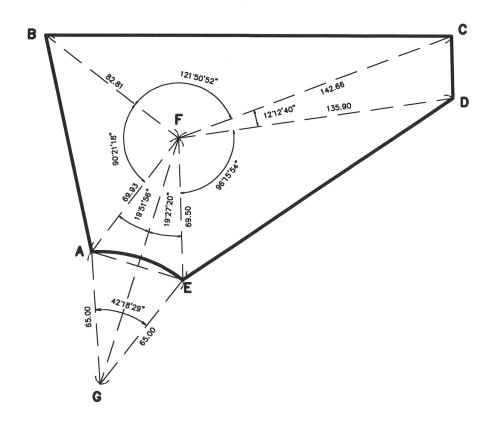
DISTANCE AC = ______ (10 POINTS)

REQUIRED ANSWER FORMAT
DISTANCES: NEAREST HUNDREDTH

PAGE TOTAL: _____ POINTS

TRIG-STAR PROBLEM LOCAL CONTEST

ABC HOME CONSTRUCTION COMPANY HAS BEEN HIRED TO BUILD A NEW HOUSE ON LOT 22, AND HAS HIRED A SURVEYOR TO SURVEY THE LOT. THE SURVEYOR'S FIELD MEASUREMENTS ARE AS SHOWN. DETERMINE THE REQUIRED LOT DIMENSIONS BASED ON THE GIVEN FIELD MEASUREMENTS.



GIVEN: DISTANCE GA = DISTANCE GE = 65.00 ANGLE AGE = 42'18'29"

DISTANCE FA = 69.93 DISTANCE FB = 82.81 DISTANCE FC = 142.66

DISTANCE FD = 135.90 DISTANCE FE = 69.50 ANGLE AFB = 90'21'18"

ANGLE BFC = 121'50'52" ANGLE CFD = 12'12'40" ANGLE DFE = 96'15'54"

ANGLE AFG = 19'51'56" ANGLE GFE = 19'27'20"

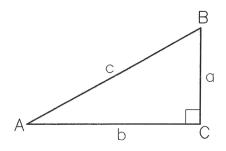
REQUIRED ANSWER FORMAT

DISTANCES: NEAREST HUNDREDTH

PAGE TOTAL: _____ POINTS

TRIG-STAR MISCELLANEOUS DATA

RIGHT TRIANGLE FORMULAS



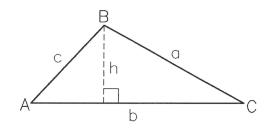
PYTHAGOREAN THEOREM: $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$

AREA: $\frac{1}{2}ab$

TRIGONOMETRIC FUNCTIONS: $\sin A = \frac{a}{C}$, $\cos A = \frac{b}{C}$,

 $tan A = \frac{a}{b}$

OBLIQUE TRIANGLE FORMULAS

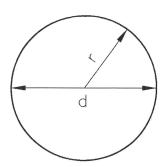


LAW OF SINES: $\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$

LAW OF COSINES: $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bcCos A$

AREA: $\frac{1}{2}bh$

CIRCLE FORMULAS



DIAMETER = d RADIUS = r

CIRCUMFERENCE: $2\pi r$ or πd

AREA: πr²

ONE DEGREE (1°) OF ARC = 60 MINUTES (60') OF ARC

ONE MINUTE (1') OF ARC = 60 SECONDS (60") OF ARC

THEREFORE ONE DEGREE OF ARC $(1^*) = 3600$ SECONDS OF ARC.

TRIG-STAR ANSWER KEY LOCAL CONTEST

PAGE 1

 \angle ACB = 43°56'41"

DISTANCE AB = 724.85

PAGE 1

 \angle EGF = 22°39'25"

DISTANCE EH = 212.57

DISTANCE FH = 208.82

DISTANCE FG = 542.08

DISTANCE GH = 500.25

PAGE 2

DISTANCE AB = 535.21

DISTANCE AD = 784.91

DISTANCE AC = 875.21

PAGE 3

ARC LENGTH AE = 48.00

DISTANCE AB = 108.72

DISTANCE BC = 199.19

DISTANCE DE = 159.25

CHORD LENGTH AE = 46.91